ATLANTIC SALMON RESTORATION AND CONSERVATION PROGRAM

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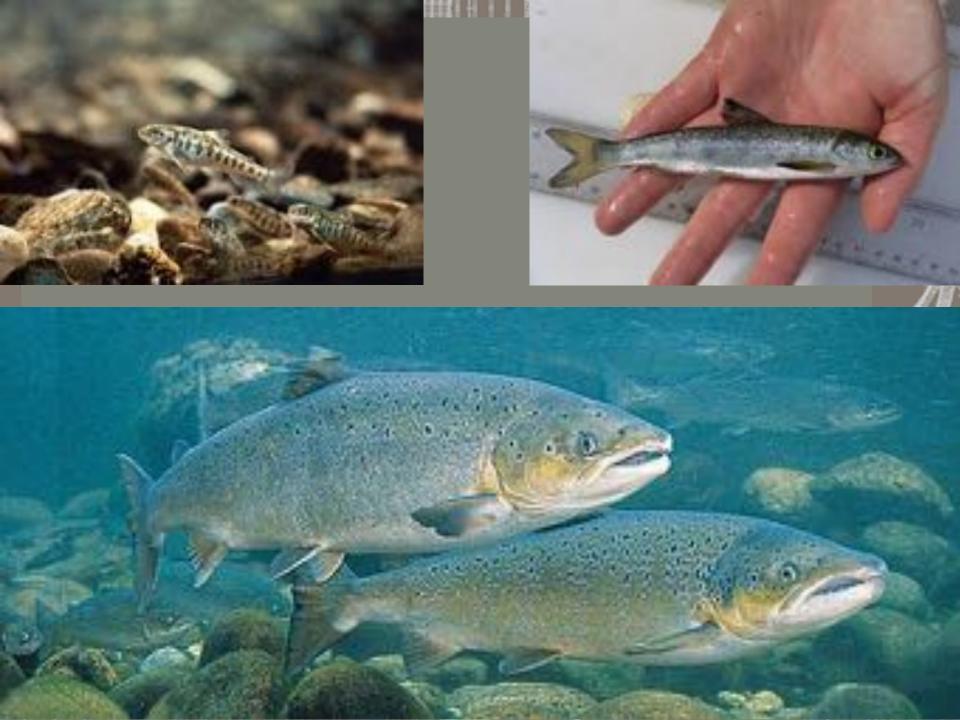


TOPICS

- Goals
- Need
- Process
- Status
- Next Steps







GOALS

- Achieve no net loss of species
 - offset of adverse affected resource with function of equal or greater value
- Offset the loss of aquatic resource functions lost through permitted impacts





NEED

- Permitted activities have potential to cause instream impacts
- ILF provides option for compensatory mitigation after proper mitigation sequencing
- Increase extent and quality of Atlantic salmon natural resources in Maine
- Achieve ecological success on regional basis by integrating ILF projects with other conservation activities





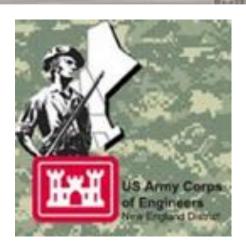




Flanders Stream
Culvert Replacement







- Regulatory framework
 - Corps Compensatory Mitigation <u>Rule</u> published 2008
 - Atlantic salmon listed as endangered in 2000 and then area expanded in 2009
 - USFWS Compensatory Mitigation <u>Policy</u> published 2016





- Concept initiated
 - MaineDOT/USFWS desire for programmatic consultation on road crossings
 - Corps attendance at Mitigation & Conservation Banking Conference in 2014
- MaineDOT contracted TCF to develop a draft ILF prospectus and ILF instrument

MaineDOT



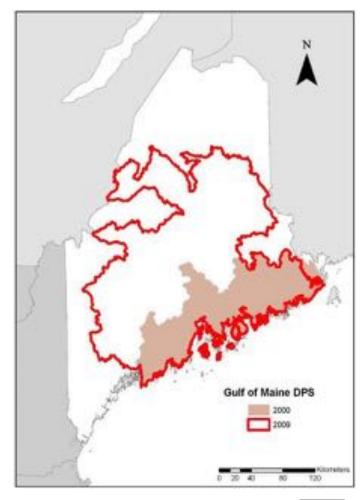


- Sponsor: Maine Department of Marine Resources
- IRT members
 - Corps Co-chair
 - USFWS Co-chair
 - NMFS
 - Penobscot Indian Nation
 - Maine Department of Marine Resources
 - Maine Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife
- Conservation Partners
 - ID projects
 - Implementation if approved via RFP process





- Area covered: Gulf of Maine Distinct Population Segment
 - DPS covers all anadromous Atlantic salmon in 87 watersheds in Maine
 - NOT landlocked salmon
 - >40 watersheds have suitable habitat but are unoccupied or inaccessible







Fee determination

- Need "consistent, defensible and 'user-friendly' mechanism for calculating program credits and debits"
- White paper: "Compensation Rate Calculations and Fee Schedule" by TCF Anderson et al.
 - Task 1 Partner coordination, data gathering, literature review
 - Task 2 Apply rapid assessment cost models to estimate cost of improving all potential stream crossing barriers within SHRUs
 - Task 3 Develop quantitative and qualitative metrics to evaluate potential impacts of crossings
 - Task 4 Apply metrics to cost estimates to calculate credits and debits

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Current Fee Schedule

RESOURCE COMPENSATION RATES			
SERVICE AREA	PRICE PER CRITICAL HABITAT UNIT	PRICE PER SQ. METER OF CRITICAL HABITAT	PRICE PER SQ. FOOT OF CRITICAL HABITAT
Merrymeeting Bay SHRU	\$4,856	\$48.56	\$4.51
Penobscot Bay SHRU	\$3,408	\$34.08	\$3.17
Downeast Coastal SHRU	\$6,347	\$63.47	\$5.90

1 Critical Habitat Unit = 100 m²





STATUS

- Prospectus went out for 30-day public notice on March 28, 2017
- Instrument signed
 - Corps 9/10/2018
 - USFWS 9/13/2018
 - MaineDMR 9/20/2018
- Primary user: MaineDOT





NEXT STEPS

- So far no project has used this WHY?
 - Cost! The difference in cost between a 1:1 structure and a 1:1.2 structure is sometimes 50% of the ILF
 - Lesson learned: As a state agency, DOT required to be fiscally responsible: means cost is primary driver for decisions
 - USFWS and MaineDMR considering credit fee adjustments to balance affordability with cost to do required mitigation





CONTACT INFORMATION

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FYI: I retire 7/3/2019



