

The National Aquarium in Baltimore's Commitment to the Chesapeake



















Stewardship of Tidal Wetlands

Goal: To implement a science-based and community-based Chesapeake Bay conservation program

Objectives:

- ☐ Restoration and maintenance
- ☐ Data collection and monitoring
- ☐ Cultivation of environmental leaders
- ☐ Field guide for community-based wetlands stewardship







1980-82: Chesapeake Bay Biology booklets (1st printing)

1981- Present: Conservation as an integral part of our mission

1982-Present: Bay classroom and auditorium programs developed

1987: <u>Living in Water</u> (1st printing)

1988: The Changing Chesapeake (1st printing)

1990-94: NAIB/UMD environmental science graduate course

for MD teachers

1993-1999: Annual MSDE workshops on Chesapeake Bay

biology

1995- Present: Bay on the Road outreach programs offered

1996- Present: Aquarium on Wheels program

1997: CELC designation

1998: Chesapeake Bay Initiative

2000: Coastal America Partnership Award



We all affect the Bay--We can all help restore it.

The Chesapeake Bay is an amazingly productive and valuable ecosystem.

Human activities within the Bay's 64,000 sq. mile watershed threaten the health of this vital natural resource.

The Aquarium is taking steps to educate visitors about the Bay and to provide opportunities for conservation action.









Fort McHenry Field Station

- 10 acre created tidal wetland
- Located at Fort McHenry National Monument in Baltimore, MD
- Receives waters from Gwynns Falls, Jones Falls and Patapsco River
- Created in 1985 as mitigation for impacts related to construction of the Fort McHenry tunnel





Ft. McHenry as Platform for Action

Watershed Awareness and Capacity Building

- Public awareness--600,000 Ft. McHenry visitors per year
- Website to host innovative GIS technology
- Cultivation of community environmental leaders

Wetlands/Watershed Health

- Evaluate functions of created wetlands
- Better wetland maintenance, management, and design
- Public participation models

Policy

- No net-loss, wetlands restoration
- Beneficial use debates



Chesapeake Bay Program Restoration Goals Maryland Wetland Restoration Steering Committee

- 60,000 acre goal
- Restoration challenges and opportunities

Beneficial Uses of Dredged Material

- 5.3 million cubic yards of maintenance dredging per year
- Wetlands creation as a disposal option

Regulatory Permit Conditions

- 5 years long-term maintenance and monitoring
- Functional trajectory/performance standards







Community-Based Stewardship

- Improve ecological function at Ft. McHenry marsh through construction of hydrologic modification
- Limit *Phragmites* expansion
- Improve access for trash removal
- Establish model for long-term, community-based monitoring and maintenance
- Disseminate results through document and workshops to improve design in urban settings
- Increase awareness and public participation











Aquarium Conservation Team (ACT!)

- Volunteer workforce
 - restoration
 - monitoring
 - maintenance
- Public education and outreach











Public Field Days

Upcoming Dates:

Saturday, September 29, 2001 Saturday, December 1, 2001 Saturday, April 13, 2002 Saturday, June 7, 2002 Saturday, September 21, 2002 Saturday, December 7, 2002

- Introduction/briefing
- Restoration and maintenance
- Monitoring



When Debris Meets the Sea...



What happens to the trails as only streets and along costs and happens; I do east't disappens. Earn and wend energy to the steem that a street when the contract man and over a west-rained for a collect in this section. It may remain them, or flow with me all over a west-rained out outlet in this section. It may remain them, or flow with new where fish, well-seles, mid-manner vicenses had our resistant of the food, and the man where fish, well-seles, mid-manner wisements our resistant of fice food, and because side as fise.

Help maken it up

What the Aquarium is Doing



In patterning with the National Park.

Institut, the National Aquations in Politicus is working to institut a control tital welfard, at Fort McHeary National Moranises.

Environation and maintenance activities include angular februs manuval, planting of nation welfard general, well-lander enhancement for welfard.

What YOU Can Do

Come on est and help of "The Agentium regularly sponsors public field days at Post Mid-leasy and also says to agents.



To proceed your egistration partiest. Fill at the attacked from and read it to the Arquanization voluntees office. Oil.

Call the trobustees office at \$18-376-3888.

Online regulatation will be available attack.

Please send me a registration packet for

0.5	duc	Ary.	have.	30,	2000

☐ Saturday, September 16, 2000

C Saturday, December 1, 2000

en carried resistance of their

22000

-

frui ____



Per 5/501 But Pratt St. Baltanee, MD 2000



Maintenance Tasks

- Debris Removal
- Invasive Species Removal
- Habitat Structures
- Monitoring Paths
- Trees and Shrubs







- Record type and amount
- Use Safety Equipment boots, gloves, rakes
- Hundreds of syringes
- Studies needed on impact to vegetation







Debris Removal (Dec. 1998 – Sept. 2001)

Total Items Collected

Plastic: 61,140

Foamed Plastic: 32,271

Glass: 3527

Other: 3414





Invasive Species Removal

- Control growth and spread of *Phragmites* australis
 - Chemical and mechanical treatments
 - Cut and remove offsite
 - Test treatments
 - Monitor







Eagle Scout Project Partnership

- Evaluation of *Phragmites* australis management methods
 - Site division into management and control areas
 - Spraying methods and timing
 - Evaluation of cutting tools
- Identify level of effort required to manage *Phragmites australis* at various stages of invasion







- Native marsh species
- Native trees and shrubs along slope
- Monitor plant survival







- Dress for the weather
- Drink lots of fluids
- Take breaks when necessary
- Use care when walking on rip-rap
- Use proper techniques
- Listen to your assigned ACT! team leader









Goal: Functional Assessment

- Use local reference sites
- Hydrology: water budget inc. tidal inflow/outflow and storage
- Establish tidal datum with NOAA
- Detailed Topography
- Vegetation community structure
- Faunal utilization: avifauna



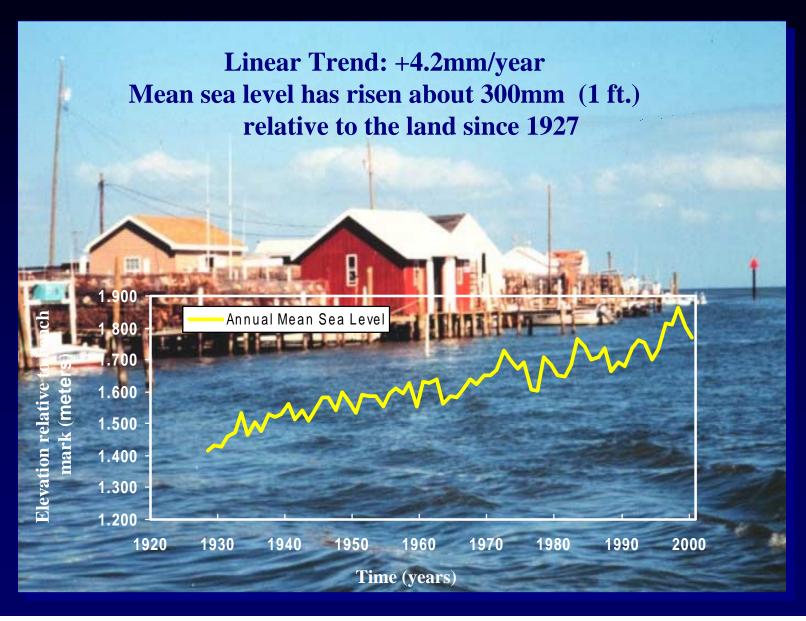


Goal: Improve Hydrology and Control of Trash and *Phragmites*

- Establish performance standards for tidal exchange to improve flushing
- Prepare detailed construction drawings
- Implement construction: breakwaters, spot elevation, dendridic channel patterns etc.
- Re-vegetate low marsh
- Post construction monitoring to ensure performance standards are met

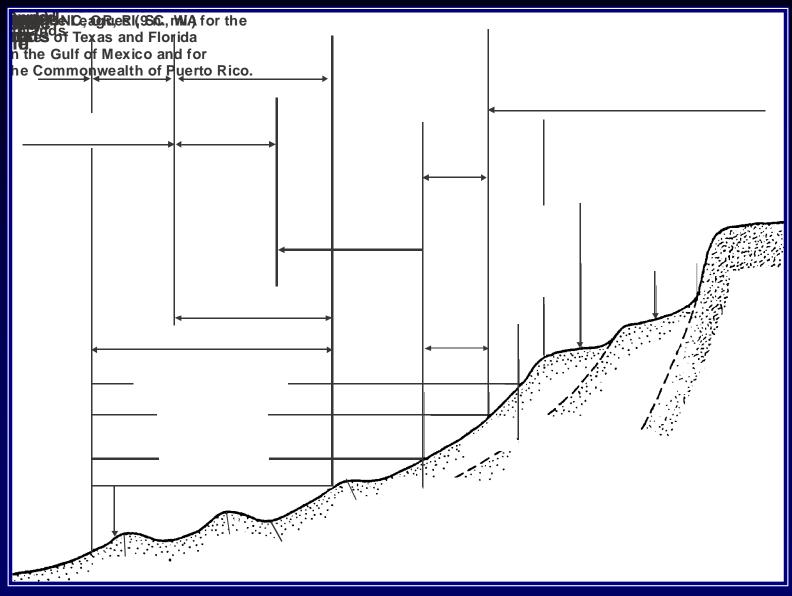


Sea Level Rise: Lower Bay





TIDAL DATUMS





TYPICAL MARSH STUDY SITE



Water Quality and Weather Monitoring



- Continuous Water
 Quality and Weather
- DO, pH, temp., Chl-a, salinity, conductivity...
- Nutrients/contaminants
- In collaboration with NOAA
 - Training for students





- Internships with regional universities
- Students follow same protocol as National Estuarine Research Reserve Program
- Students calibrate, download and analyze data
- Partnerships focus on minority serving institutions
- Candidate pool for internships and jobs

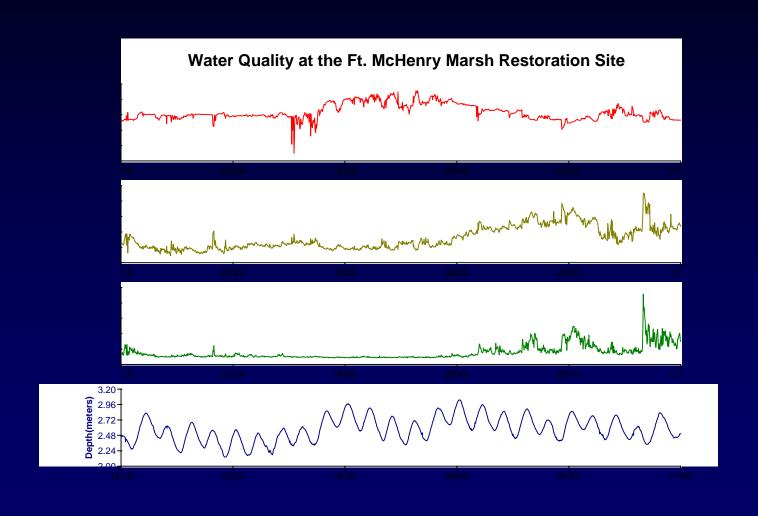






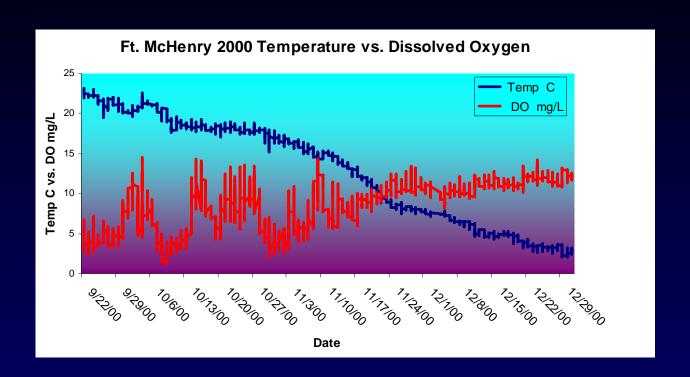
Ft. McHenry as Watershed Health Indicator

To be available at www.aqua.org





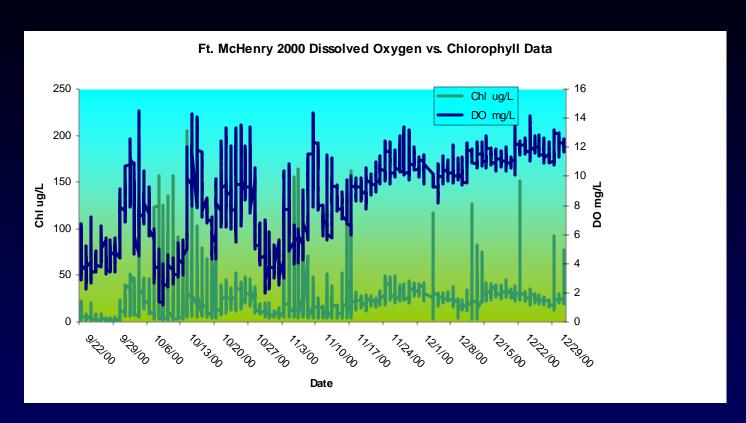
2000 Ft. McHenry Water Quality Data



- Warm temperatures combined with rain events which introduced excess nutrients, create hypoxic conditions (DO< 3mg/L).
- Hypoxia disappears during the colder months.



2000 Ft. McHenry Water Quality Data

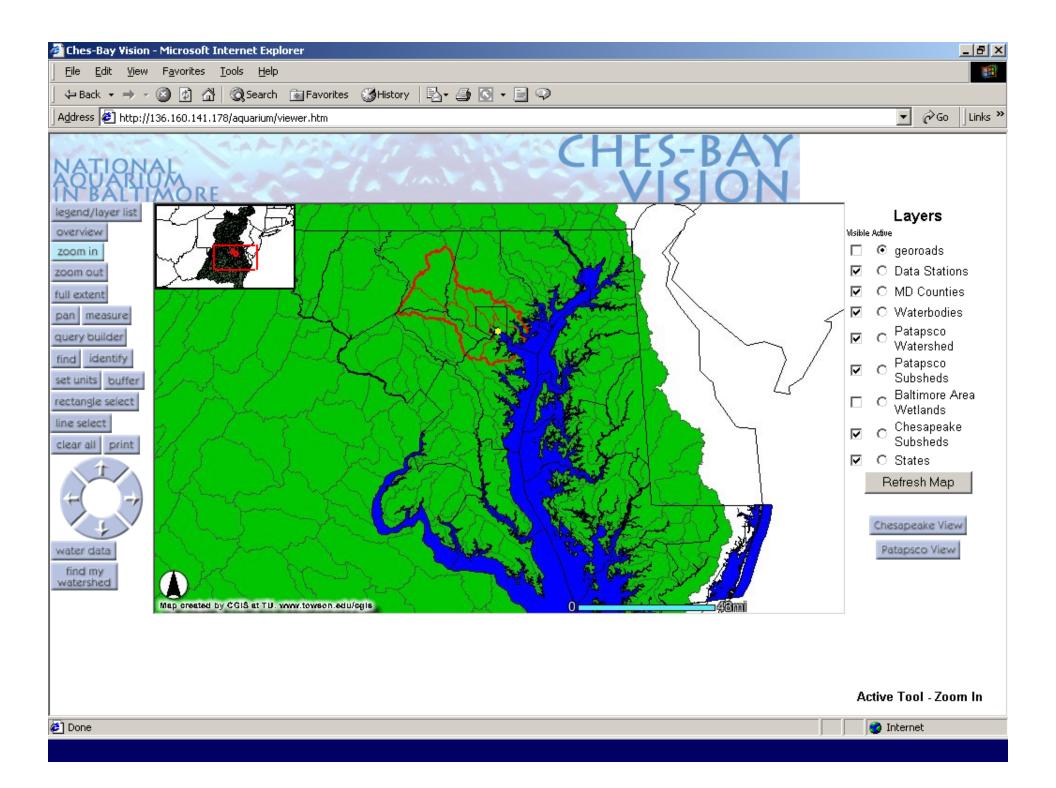


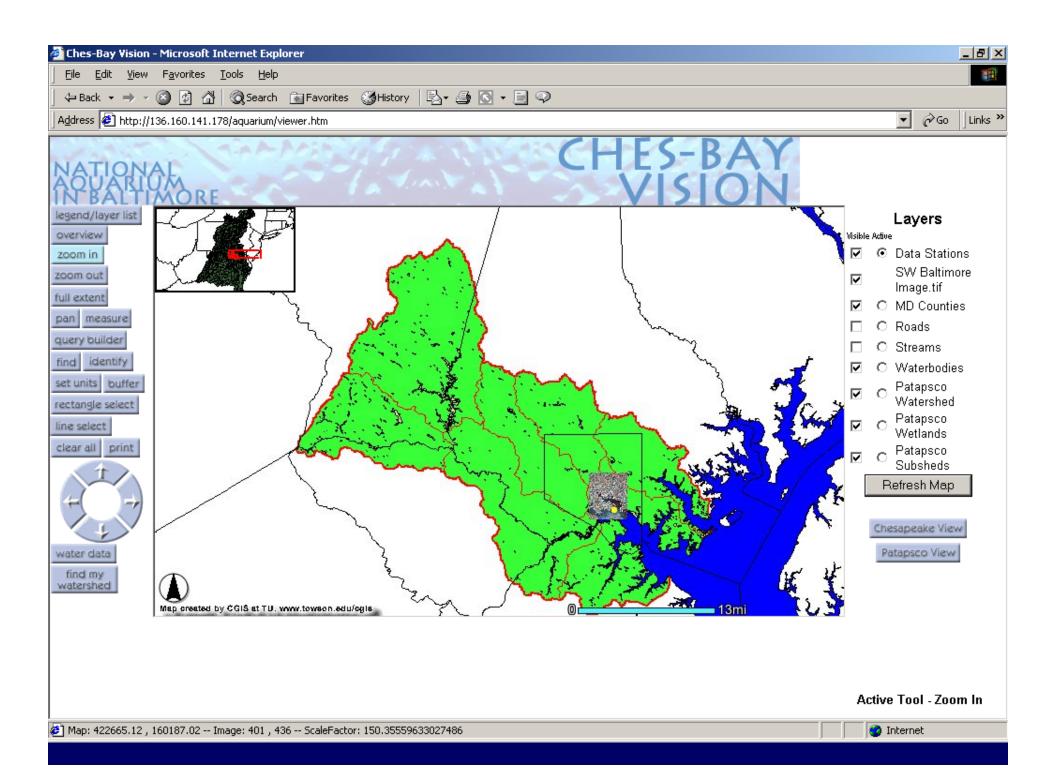
• Periods of hypoxia (DO < 3mg/L) correspond to large increases in algal biomass indicating eutrophication.



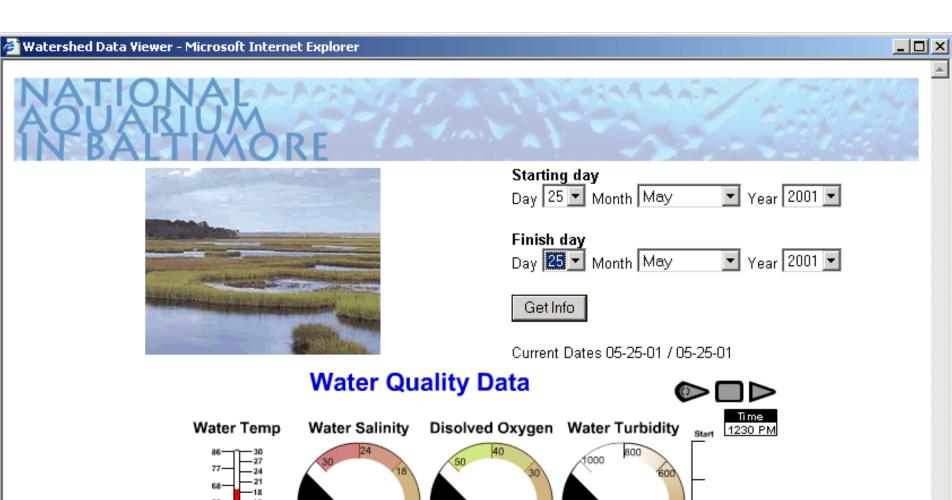
Ft. McHenry as Watershed Health Indicator

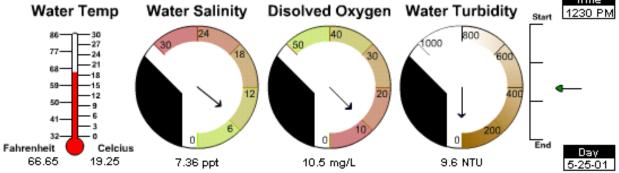
- Use of GIS: ArcIMS to access multiple servers and interpret watershed information
- Multiple data layers watershed 101
- Support watershed association's activities
- Multi-media CD Rom product
- Targets 6th grade reading level
- In partnership with EPA, CBP, MD DNR, NOAA, Morgan State University etc.











Text Version

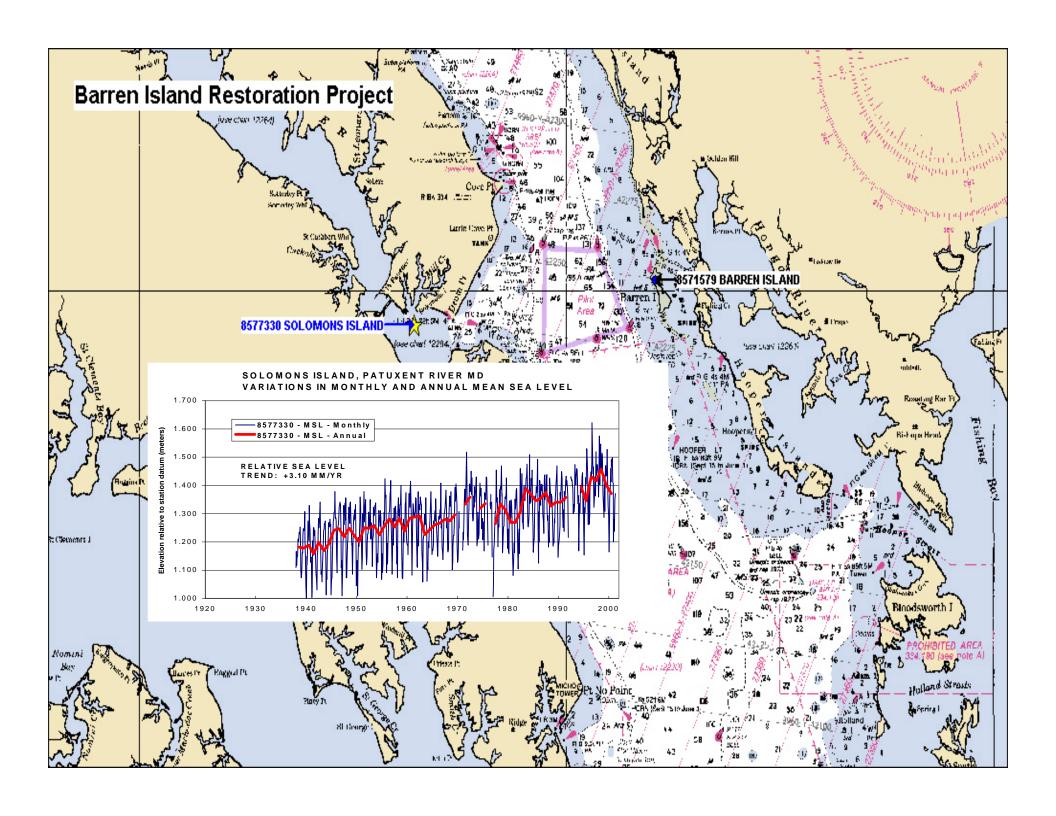




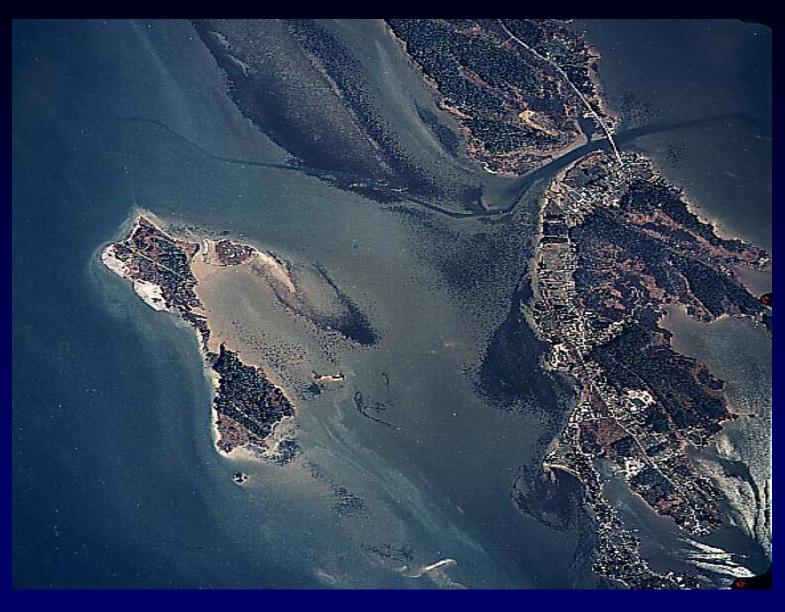
Bay Islands: Restoration Opportunities

- High shoreline erosion rate
- Sites on Governors list
- Demonstration of innovative technology
- Strong federal partnerships
- Community-based,
 science-based approach













































- Eastern Neck NWR
- Poplar Island
- Watts Island
- Bodkin Island
- Smith Island
- Patapsco River





Long-Term Monitoring and Maintenance

- Replanting of native vegetation
- Vegetative analysis
- Faunal observations
- Water quality measurements
- Detailed topography







High profile example of

- Importance of Bay Islands to coastal ecosystem
- Results of long-term erosion due to accelerated sea level rise, land subsidence, storm events
- Large scale attempt at beneficial use of dredged material
- Wetlands creation on a large scale
- Test for long-term public involvement







SAV Restoration – Langley, Virginia

Loss of submerged aquatic vegetation due to

• nutrient enrichment; sediment pollution; toxic contamination

Restoration Activities

- restore a two-acre eelgrass (*Zostera marina*) bed
- transplant 50,000 shoots of eelgrass
- routine water quality analysis

In Conjunction with Seahorse Exhibit







Federal Government

- •National Oceanic and Atmosphere Administration
- National Park Service
- •Environmental Protection Agency
- •US Army Corps of Engineers
- •US Coast Guard
- •US Geological Survey
- •US Fish and Wildlife Service
- •Chesapeake Bay Program
- •Coastal America

State Government

- •Maryland Department of the Environment
- •Maryland Port Administration
- •Maryland Transportation Authority
- •Maryland Department of Natural Resources

Local Government

•City of Baltimore

Non-Governmental Organizations

- •Chesapeake Bay Trust
- •Alliance Chesapeake Bay
- •Chesapeake Bay Foundation



The local community makes the difference!



Connecting people to aquatic life, we make a better world for both.