

FTC's Green Guides

Hampton Newsome, Attorney Bureau of Consumer Protection Division of Enforcement

Outline

- FTC Advertising Law Intro
- FTC Green Guides
- Carbon Offsets and RFC Claims

Disclaimer –The views expressed in this presentation are my own and do not necessarily reflect those of the Commission, or of any individual Commissioner.

www.ftc.gov

FTC protects consumers by ...

... combating telemarketing fraud, Internet scams, deceptive advertising, and other harmful business practices.



www.ftc.gov

FTC Act

■ Tell the truth



■ Have substantiation

Section 5 -- "unfair or deceptive acts or practices in or affecting commerce are declared unlawful" (15 U.S.C. Sec. 45(a)(1)).

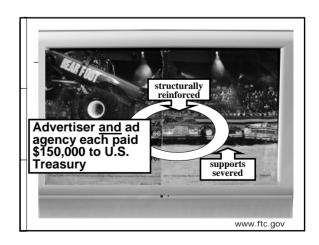
www.ftc.gov

Deceptive Practices:

- Likely to mislead reasonable consumers
- Material to their decision to buy or use the product

Unfair Practices:

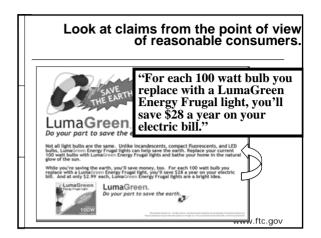
- Causes substantial consumer injury
- Not reasonably avoidable by consumers
- Not outweighed by the benefits to consumers or competition

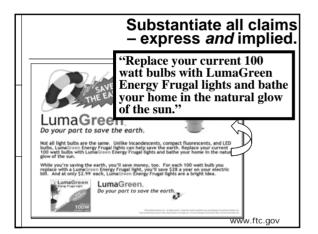


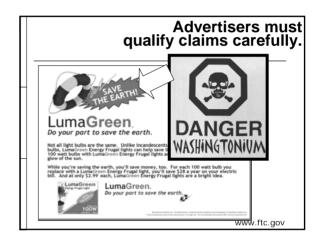
Ad Claims--Two Step Inquiry

- What claims express <u>and</u> implied does my ad convey to reasonable consumers?
- Do I have "competent and reliable evidence" – which, depending on the claim, may require <u>scientific</u> evidence – to support each of those claims?

www.ftc.gov







Potential Consequences Of Deceptive Practices

- □ Cease and desist orders
- □ Refunds for consumers (redress)
- □ Disgorgement of ill-gotten gains
- Informational remedies such as corrective advertising, disclosures in future ads or on product labeling

www.ftc.gov

FTC Rules and Guides also help consumers ...

- Green guides
- Octane labeling for gasoline
- Cigarette labeling
- Used car labeling
- Residential insulation
- Energy labeling for alternative fueled vehicles, and ...
- Labeling for appliances, lighting, and plumbing.

Green Guides

Guides for the Use of Environmental Marketing Claims (16 C.F.R. Part 260)

"Our packages are made from 100% recycled content."

"Our petroleum-based plastic bags will compost."

www.ftc.gov

2008 Green Guides Review

- □ FTC regulatory review 2008
 - Comments current Green Guides
 - Comments new claims (sustainable, renewable, carbon offsets, etc.)

www.ftc.gov

Green Guide Workshops

- □ Carbon offsets and RECs (1/8/08)
- □ Green Packaging (4/30/08)
- □ Green Buildings and Textiles (7/15/08)



www.ftc.gov

FTC's Green Guides

- Apply to ALL forms of marketing claims
- Business to consumer & business to business claims

www.ftc.gov

General Principles in the Guides

- Use clear & prominent qualifications
- Be specific -- make clear whether claims apply product, package, or a component of either
- Provide clear comparative claims
- Don't overstate product attributes

www.ftc.gov

Green Guides Do Not Set Performance Standards or Provide Certification

- ☐ Guides do not contain prescriptive requirements
- □ Instead, they contain general guideposts examples of deceptive and non-deceptive claims

Types of Marketing Claims

- General environmental benefits
- Degradable, biodegradable & photodegradable
- Compostable
- Recycled content
- Recyclable
- Source reduction
- Refillable
- Ozone safe/ozone friendly
- Non-toxic

www.ftc.gov

General Environmental Claims

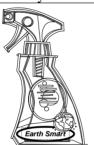


- Such as "Environmentally friendly," "Green," "Eco-Safe"
- May be confusing to consumers
- Substantiate ALL express and implied claims
- Qualify broad claims -Identify the specific attribute to which the general claim refers

www.ftc.gov

Environmental Seals and Symbols

- "Earth Smart" seal may imply that product is superior
- Explain basis for award
- Limit superiority claim to attributes that can be substantiated
- Symbols may need qualification in some cases



www.ftc.gov

Third Party Certifications

- □ Independent from advertiser
- □ Professional expertise in area
- Certification does not insulate advertiser
- Avoid broad claims



Suri Seai

www.ftc.gov

RECs and Offsets



"carbon neutral"
"carbon footprint"
"renewable energy"
"carbon offset"



"Buy an airline ticket online, and you're increasingly likely to see this pitch: Add a payment of a few dollars, and finance save-the-Earth activities to offset environmental damage caused by your trip."

- USA TODAY

www.ftc.gov

RECs and Offsets

- Same general advertising rules apply
- Includes claims for products themselves and claims for other products ("Our coffee is made with renewable energy")
- Consumer interpretation of claims important

FTC's Role

- Protects consumers from deception in offset and REC marketplace
- DOES NOT set standards or otherwise develop environmental regulations for the offset and REC sellers

www.ftc.gov

Potential Consumer Protection Questions for Offsets and RECs

- Do consumers understand what they are buying?
- What express or implied claims are being made?
- Is there adequate substantiation for those claims?
- Is there fraud in the marketplace?

www.ftc.gov

Potential Consumer Protection Issues

"But for all the good feelings that bubble up for travelers . . . , there's nagging controversy about their effectiveness and the accountability of some of the enterprises taking money." - USA TODAY

- Double Counting: By sellers and buyers
- Undercounting: By product marketers
- Substantiation: Complex tracking may be required

www.ftc.gov

FTC Workshop

- Workshop held in January
- Focused on carbon offsets and RECs
- Focused on consumer protection issues
- Explored need for additional FTC guidance for these markets

www.ftc.gov

Issues Raised at Workshop & Comments

- Consumer Interpretation
- Double Counting
- Additionality
- Consumer Education

www.ftc.gov

Recent Developments

- Proliferation of Voluntary Standards
- New Industry Association
- California Legislation

For Additional Information

www.ftc.gov/energy

Hampton Newsome Federal Trade Commission 202-326-2889 hnewsome@ftc.gov www.ftc.gov/energy

