



# Recovery Potential Screening Tool: Introduction and Overview

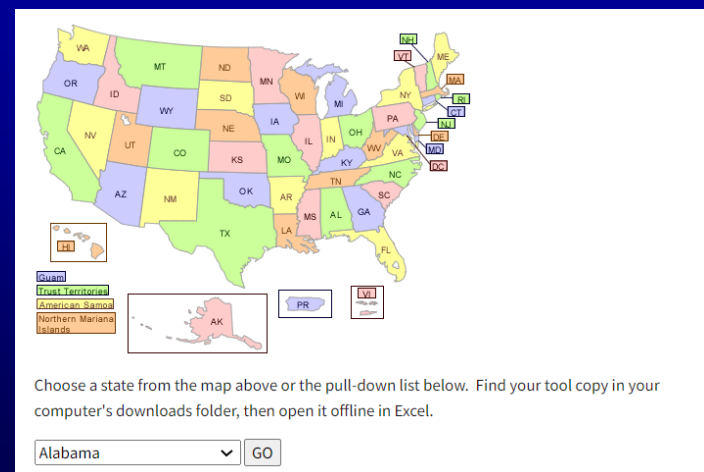
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The CWA 303(d) and 319 Protection Learning Exchange  
July 14, 2022

# Recovery Potential Screening (RPS)

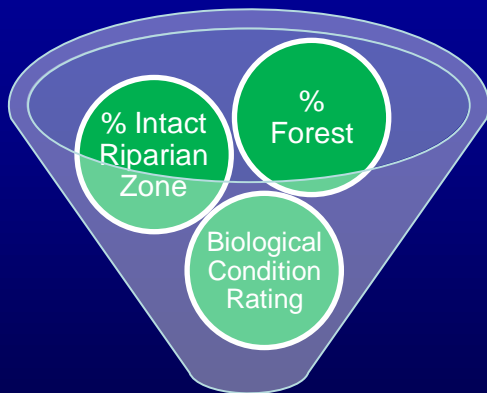
- A framework for comparing a group of watersheds based on environmental, stressor, and social factors relevant for priority-setting
- Variety of applications, for example:
  - TMDL development
  - State nonpoint source program five-year plans & 319 grants
  - Water quality monitoring strategies
- RPS Tool files are easy-to-use Excel spreadsheets pre-loaded with watershed indicator datasets
- Produced for all US states and territories



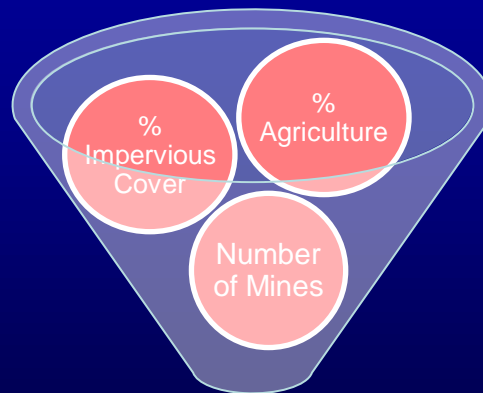
# *Recovery Potential Screening - Basic Concepts*

- ❑ Indicator-based method for watershed comparison and priority-setting
- ❑ Indicators are measures of watershed attributes that are relevant to water quality restoration and protection

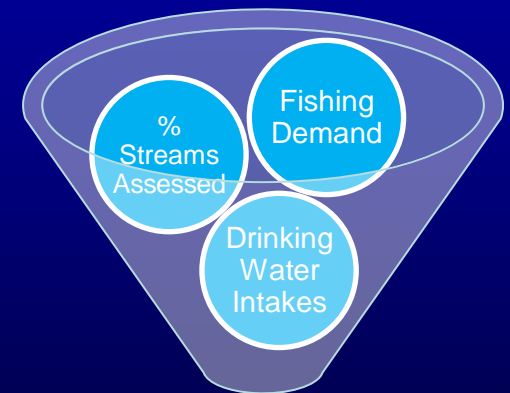
## *Ecological Indicators*



## *Stressor Indicators*

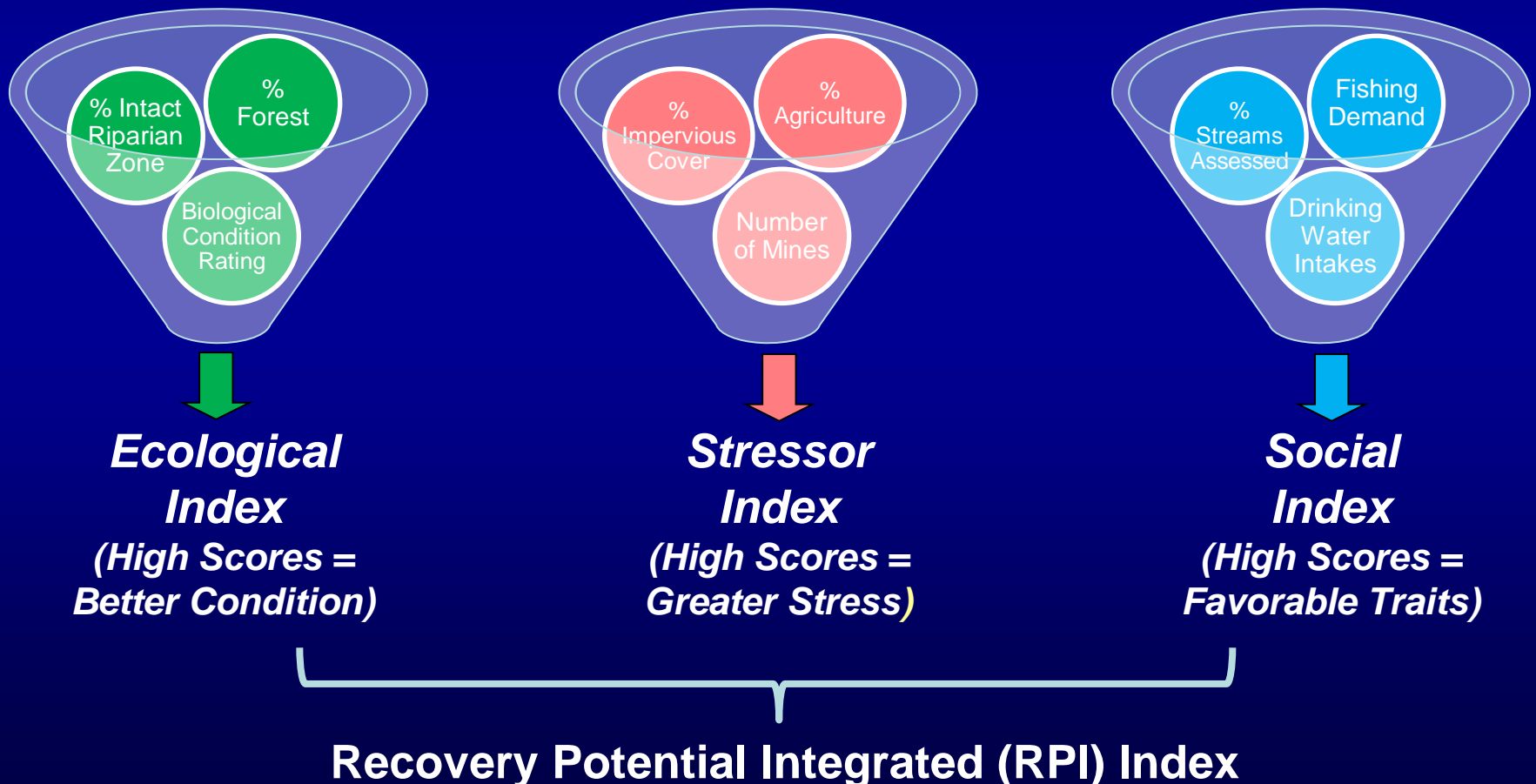


## *Social Indicators*



# Recovery Potential Screening - Basic Concepts

- Indicators are combined into Index Scores – overall picture of ecological, stressor, and social characteristics



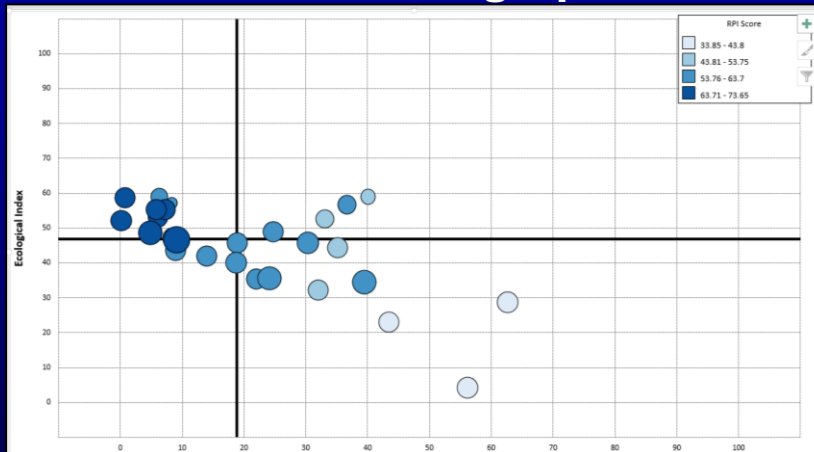


# Recovery Potential Screening Tool

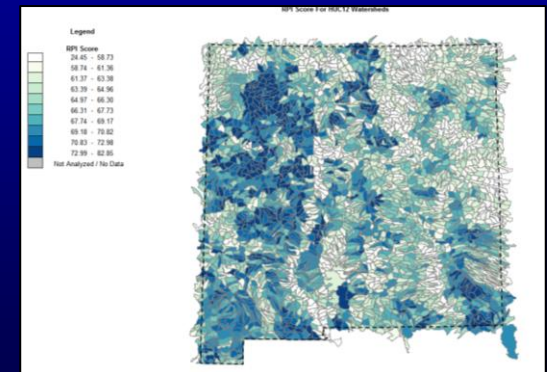
Tables with indicator values, auto-calculated index scores & ranks

	Watershed Name	Ecological Index	Ecological Rank	Stressor Index	Stressor Rank	Social Index	Social Rank	RPI Score	RPI Rank
6	Sherman Creek-Lower West Branch Delaware River	49.18	474	6.63	199	14.57	1385	52.37	790
7	Balls Creek-Lower West Branch Delaware River	48.84	504	12.20	388	31.60	1300	56.08	499
1	Upper Equinunk Creek	49.14	476	12.70	413	33.33	776	56.59	466
2	Lower Equinunk Creek	50.66	361	6.33	192	33.33	776	59.22	244
3	Factory Creek-Delaware River	51.48	300	5.50	172	21.00	1360	55.66	534
5	Little Equinunk Creek	48.50	534	9.33	284	33.33	776	57.50	382
6	Pea Brook-Delaware River	51.74	278	3.15	106	6.33	1426	51.64	850
1	Hankins Creek-Delaware River	49.82	422	8.35	252	14.37	1387	51.95	826
6	Beaverdam Creek-Delaware River	47.40	616	9.58	293	24.37	1342	54.06	651
1	North Branch Calkins Creek	46.28	705	16.00	531	33.33	776	54.54	619
2	South Branch Calkins Creek	46.10	728	18.10	616	33.33	776	53.78	681
4	Peggy Run-Delaware River	49.54	444	7.23	212	15.53	1378	52.62	772
5	Masthope Creek	52.10	255	7.43	218	33.33	776	59.34	238
3	Westcolang Creek-Delaware River	51.00	333	3.98	132	15.17	1381	54.06	651
1	Johnson Creek	46.80	665	18.73	646	33.33	776	53.80	675
2	Van Auken Creek	47.16	641	19.13	662	33.33	776	53.79	678
3	Belmont Lake-West Branch Lackawaxen River	46.20	715	18.48	635	33.33	776	53.69	688
1	East Branch Dyberry Creek	49.74	427	6.35	193	33.33	776	58.91	267
2	West Branch Dyberry Creek	50.00	411	12.15	384	33.33	776	57.06	421

## Customizable graphs



## Customizable maps



## *Recent updates to RPS data and tools*

- ❑ New indicators added in August 2021 relevant to:
  - ❑ Environmental justice
  - ❑ Watershed vulnerability to future climate change

<b>New Social Indicators</b>	<b>New Stressor Indicators</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Low-Income Population</li><li>• Minority Population</li><li>• Linguistically Isolated Population</li><li>• Vulnerable Age in Watershed (under Age 5 or over 64)</li><li>• Less than High School Educated Population</li><li>• Mobile Home Parks Count</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Projected Change in Annual and Spring Runoff</li><li>• Projected Change in Mean Annual and Summer Temperature</li><li>• Projected Change in Annual and Summer Precipitation</li><li>• Sea Level Rise Inundation</li><li>• Nitrogen, Phosphorus, and Sediment Yield</li><li>• Impaired Waters</li><li>• 100-Year Flood Zone</li><li>• Hurricane Storm Surge Zone</li><li>• NPDES Effluent Violations</li><li>• Toxic Release and Exposure Potential</li><li>• Hazardous/Toxic Site Counts</li></ul>

# RPS Resources and Support

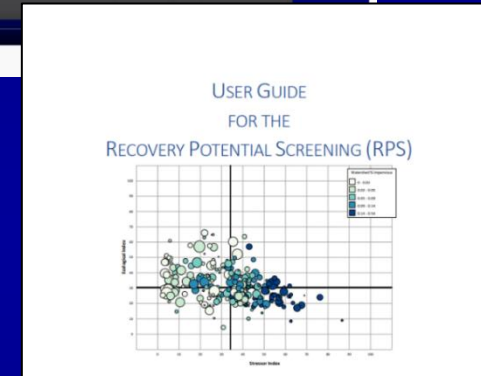
- Tools and resources can be accessed at:

<https://www.epa.gov/rps>

- User Guide with step-by-step instructions
- Video Training Series
- Reports from past projects
- Indicator Reference Sheets (<https://www.epa.gov/wsio/indicator-reference-sheets>)
- RPS Scenario factsheets (coming soon)

- Technical support

Reach out to [cira.emily@epa.gov](mailto:cira.emily@epa.gov) for more info



Direct links to select indicator reference sheets:

[Population Demographics](#)

[Projection Hydrologic Change](#)

[Projected Air Temperature Change](#)

[Projected Precipitation Change](#)

Indicator Reference Sheet – March 6, 2022

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

## Population Demographics

**Indicator Names**

- % Low-Income Population in Watershed (WS)
- % Minority Population in Watershed (WS)
- % < High School Educated Population in Watershed (WS)
- % Linguistically Isolated Population in Watershed (WS)
- % Vulnerable Age Group Population in Watershed (WS)

**Indicator Category | Social**

**Subcategory | Community Context**

Available in RPS Tool files for all lower 48 states

**Indicator Description**

**Background**  
Demographics describe the socioeconomic characteristics of a group of people. Demographics are used by researchers and practitioners to help understand the vulnerability of a population to pollution and environmental degradation.<sup>1</sup>

**What the Indicators Measure**  
These indicators describe five demographic characteristics of the population that resides in a HUC12 subwatershed:

- **% Low-Income Population in Watershed (WS)** – population living in a household with low-income. Low-income is defined as a household income that is less than or equal to twice the federal poverty level.<sup>1</sup> Reported as a percentage of the total population in the HUC12 with known household income (Figure 1).
- **% Minority Population in WS** – population in a minority group. Minority groups include individuals

**% of Total Population**

0% >90%

**Figure 1. Map of % Low-Income Population in Watershed for HUC12s in the contiguous US.**

indicators of a community's potential vulnerability to be impacted by pollution and environmental degradation.<sup>1</sup>