

Watershed Planning for Protection

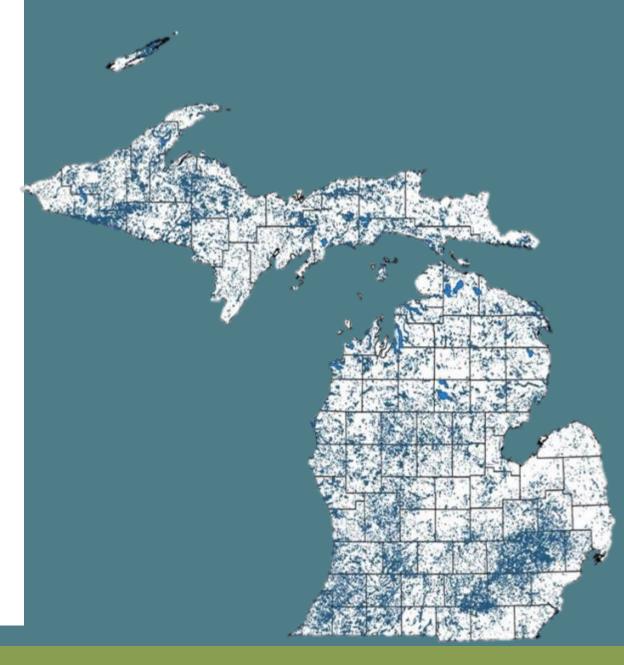
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Michigan Waters

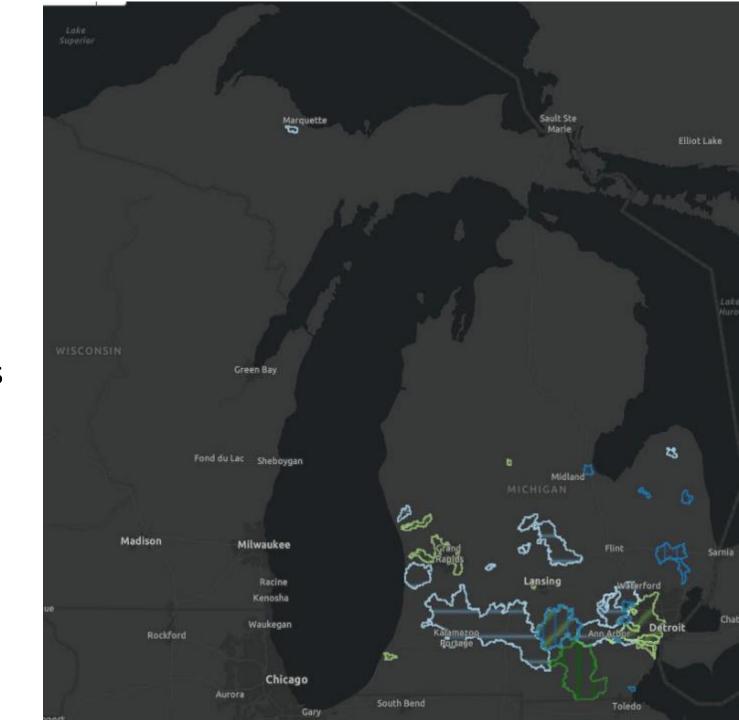
- Rivers & Streams: 76,439 miles
- Inland Lakes:
 - ❖ 46,000 (surface area greater than .1 acre)
 Total area 872,109 acres.
 - ❖ 11,000 5 acres or more
- Wetlands: 6,465,109 acres current (estimated loss 35-50% since settlement)

Impairments due to Nutrients, Sediment and Channel Modification concentrated Lower Half of Lower Peninsula



TMDLs related to Nitrates, Phosphorus and Sediment

- Multiple Reservoirs/Lakes
- Watersheds with very high loss of wetlands.
- Very intense agriculture or urbanized.



Key Tools: Protection Oriented Planning

Land Use Planning Reviews

Hydrologic Analysis

 High Quality Areas within an Impaired/TMDL Watershed

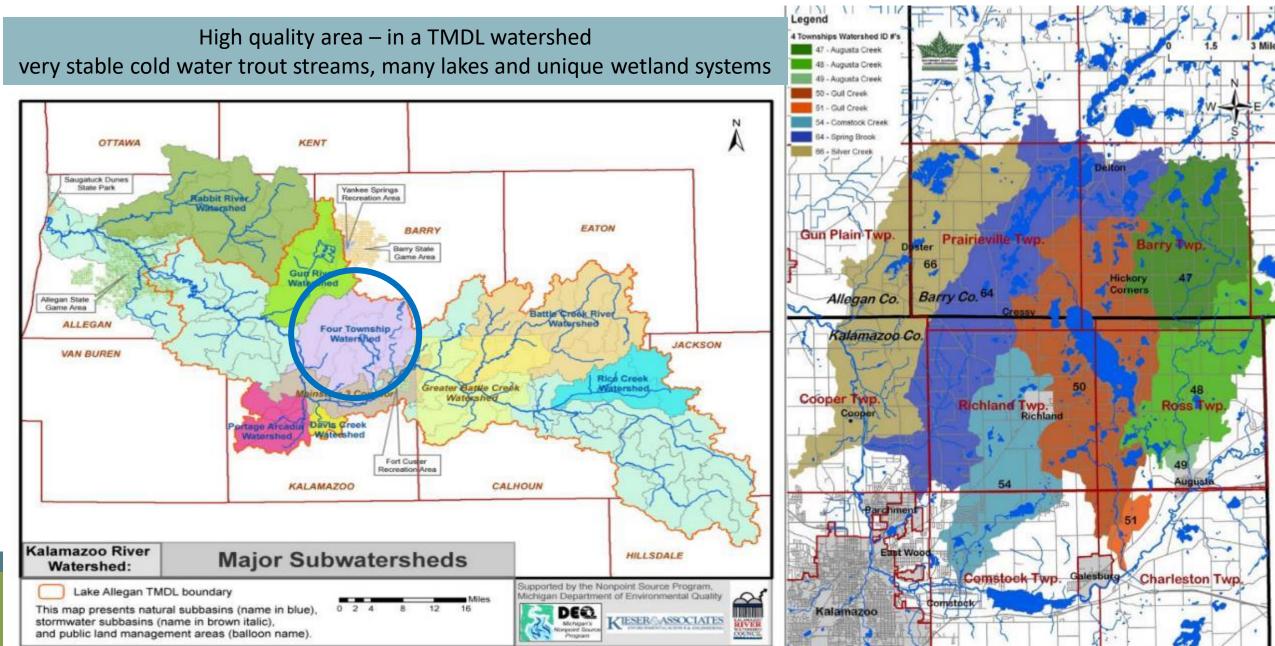
High Quality Watersheds

Other Resource
Inventories:
Shoreline; Road
Stream Crossings;
Stormwater

Landscape Level Wetland Functional Analysis

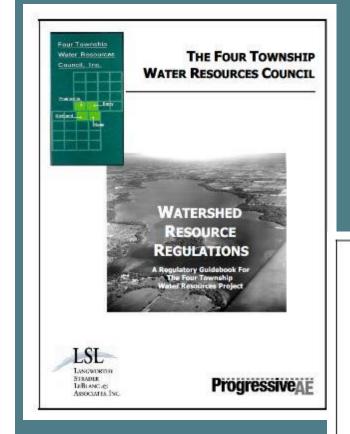
Conservation
Priority
Mapping

First Protection Oriented Planning Began 2000



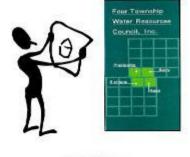
Protection Related "Inventories"

Land Use Planning Analysis



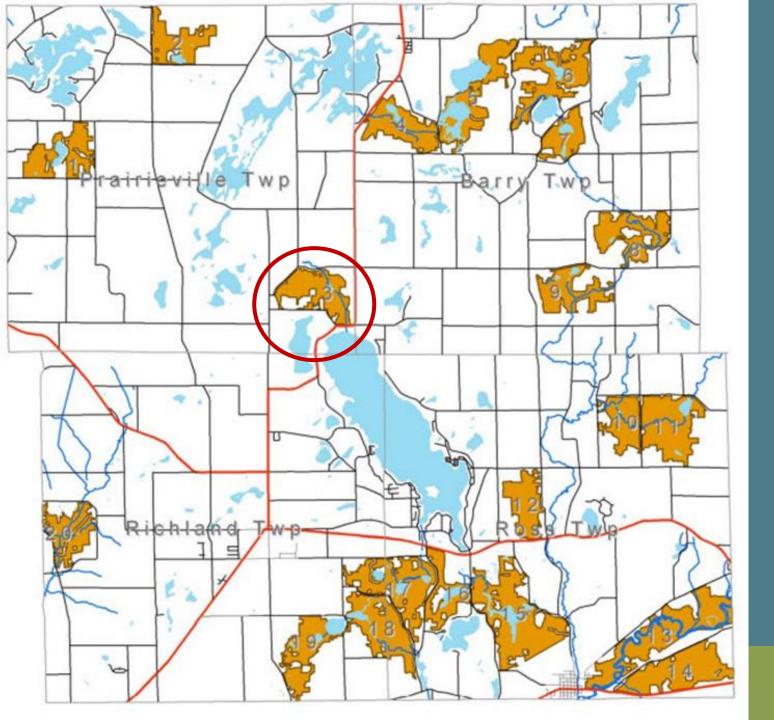
Site Plan Review Guide

For Water Quality Protection









"Four Townships" High Priority Potential

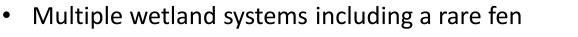
Conservation Areas

Yellow: All areas for the watersheds Red Circle: Prairieville Creek

EGLE

Prairieville Creek Priority Conservation Area:

• Supplies 21% of Gull Lake's annual water and 60% of the total stream inflow.

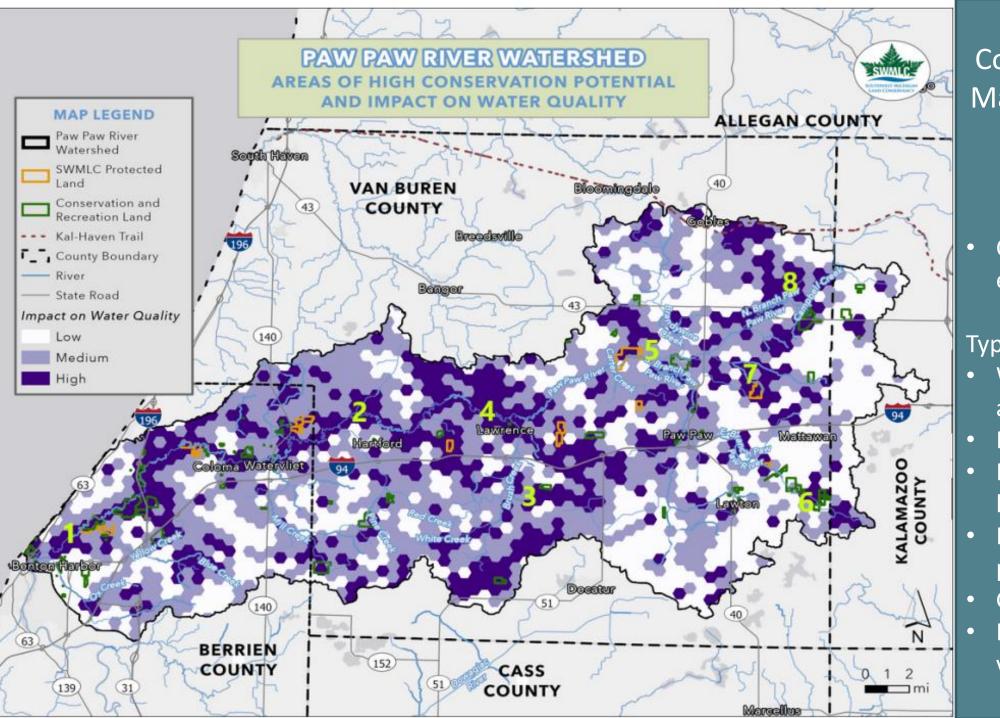


Only coldwater fish spawning area for Gull Lake



Legend

SWMLO Conservation Easinents



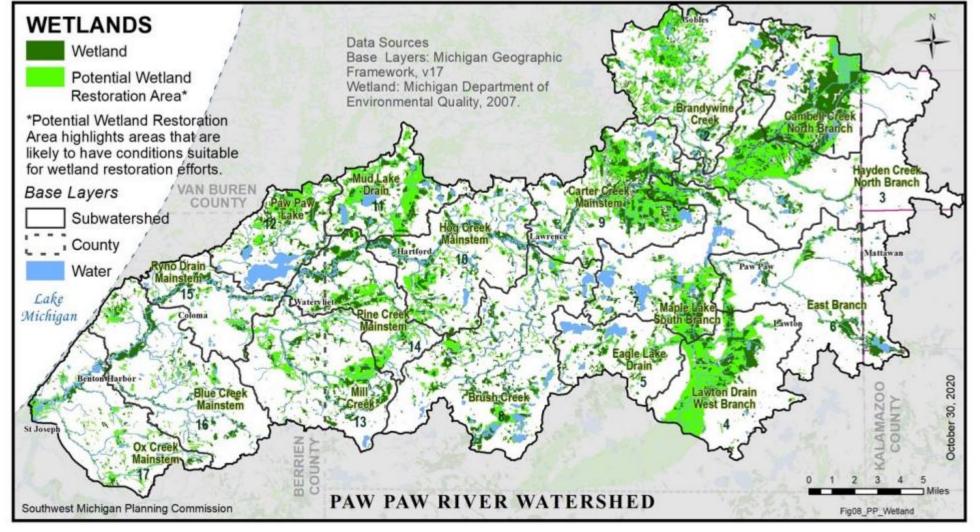
Conservation Priority
Mapping Model from
a water quality
perspective

 Can be different for each watershed

Typical Primary Criteria

- Wetland percentage and size
- Parcel size
- Proximity to river or lake
- Proximity to other protected lands
- Groundwater recharge
- Forested/natural vegetation percentage

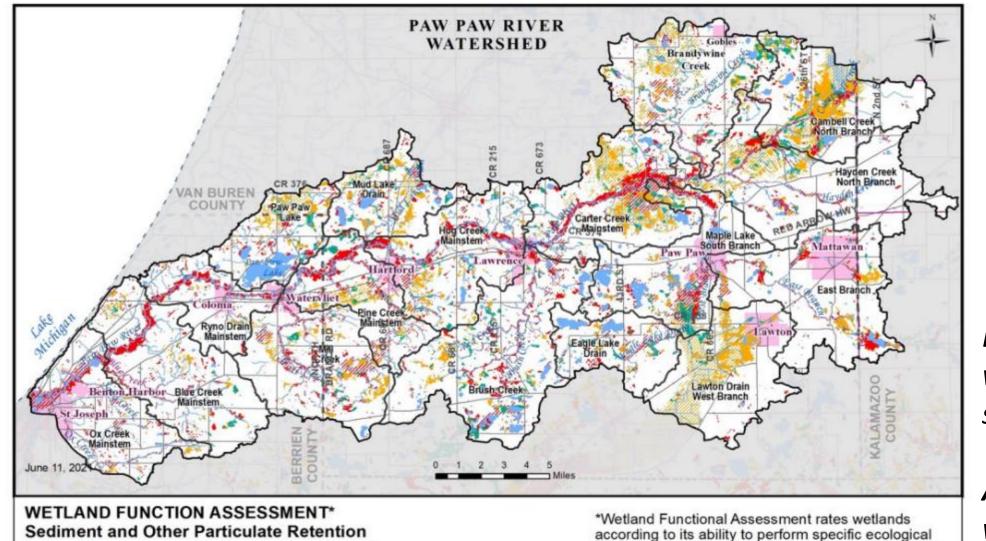
Watershed Wide Wetland Assessment Where to protect and areas to restore



Talking/Planning Points:

Areas with the most lost wetlands correlate with nutrient, sediment, e. coli and flashiness problems

Action: Protect what is left to prevent future problems



Landscape **Level Wetland Functional Analysis**

Looks at each wetland complex for specific functions

Action: Protect these wetlands to prevent future problems

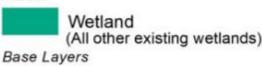
Sediment and Other Particulate Retention

High Significance Medium Significance

Lost Wetland

High Significance

Medium Significance



Subwatershed

County

Water

Data Sources Base Layers: MCGI Framework, v17 Wetland: MDEQ 2007.

functions. This map shows existing and lost wetlands

and ranks them based on how well the wetland acts

as a living filter by removing nutrients and sediment

Southwest Michigan Planning Commission

from surface and ground water.

Fig08_PP_WetFun_Sedime

Lake Charlevoix Watershed Lake Michigan Charlevoix Legend if data layers acquired from the Michig

High Quality Watershed Lake Charlevoix

- Coldwater oligotrophic lake
- 3rd largest lake in Michigan
- 17,061 acres
- 60-mile perimeter
- 214,400-acre watershed
- 1,700 properties around the lake

Significantly increasing development threat



Lake Charlevoix: *Gaps Analysis*16 communities

Charlevoix County Local Ordinance Gaps Analysi

An essential guide for water protection

Tip of the Mitt Watershed Council Written and compiled by Grenetta Thomassey, Ph.D.

Table 6: Gaps Analysis Ranking Results for Lake Charlevoix Watershed Jurisdictions

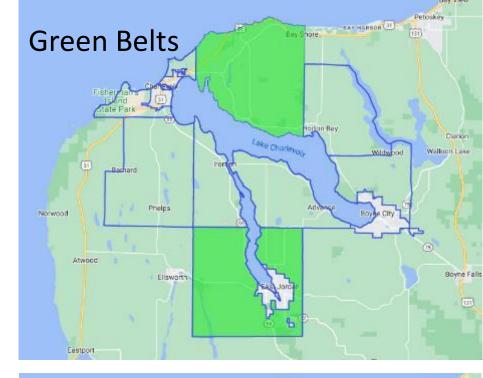
Elements	Master Plan Components	Basic Zoning Components	Shorelines	Impervious Surfaces	Stormwater Management	Soil Erosion and Sediment Control	Sewer/Septic	Wetlands	Groundwater and Wellhead Protection	Other: Floodplains, Steep Slopes, and Critical Dunes
Strong	5	10	2	1	2	2	0	0	3	0
Adequate	10	4	6	2	6	3	13	0	8	15
Weak	0	1	6	9	8	10	3	12	3	0
Missing	1	1	2	4	0	1	0	4	2	1
TOTAL	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16

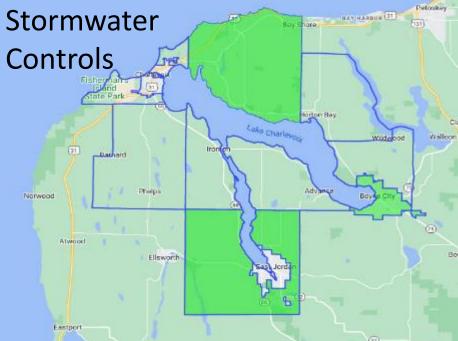
Lake Charlevoix Watershed Gaps Analysis website

Formal Site Plan Review



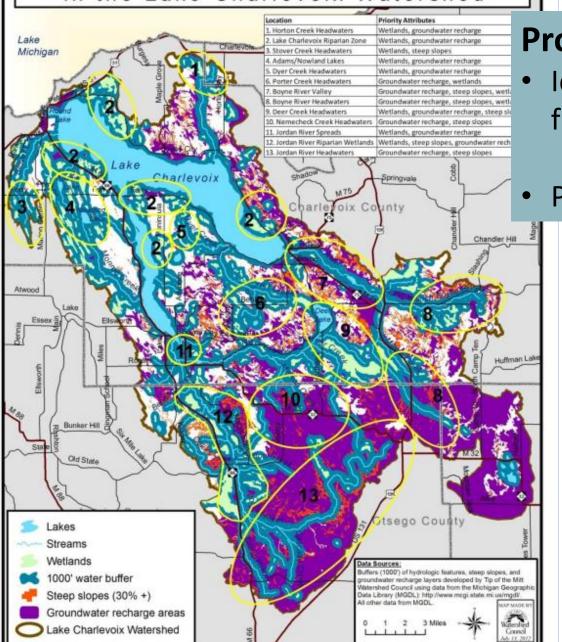
Areas shaded in bright green meet or exceed recommendations





Priority Areas for Protection

in the Lake Charlevoix Watershed

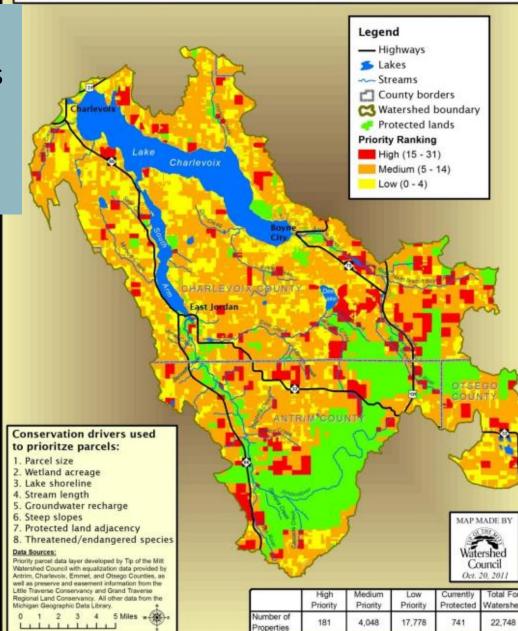


Priority Parcels For Permanent Land Protection Lake Charlevoix Watershed

Protection

Identified Areas first

Parcels next



Critical Areas for Addressing Nonpoint Source Pollution Lake Charlevoix Watershed Critical Concerns MAP MADE BY 1. City of Charlevoix Urban stormwater 2. Stover Creek Watershed Urban and agricultural stormwater, oad-stream crossing 3. Adams and Nowland Lakes Agricultural stormwater, road-Council 4. Horton Creek Watershed, East 5. Lake Charlevoix Shoreline Degraded shoreline . Lake Charlevoix Shoreline Sewer and septic systems 7. Northern Peninsula, Dyer Lake 8. South Arm Shoreline 9. City of East Jordan 10. Patricia Lake Impoundment Thermal pollution and fish passage Agricultural stormwate 11. Birney Creek Watershed 12. Jordan River, State Road 13. City of Boyne City 14. Boyne River, Dam Road 6. Elmira, Thumm Road Area Agricultural stormwater Legend - Roads Lakes --- Streams County borders ANTRIM COUNTY Watershed boundary **CRITICAL AREAS** Agriculture Degraded shore Impoundment Critical areas data layer developed by Tip of the Sewer and septic systems Mitt Watershed Council (TOMWC) using field Shoreline nutrient pollution survey information from TOMWC, Charlevoix County equalization data, and GIS basemap layers from the Michigan Geographic Data Library (MGDL) Acute problem areas Road-stream crossings

Critical to find nonpoint source problem areas to keep waters healthy

FOCUS AREAS

- Shorelines
- Stormwater
- Road crossings
- Agriculture

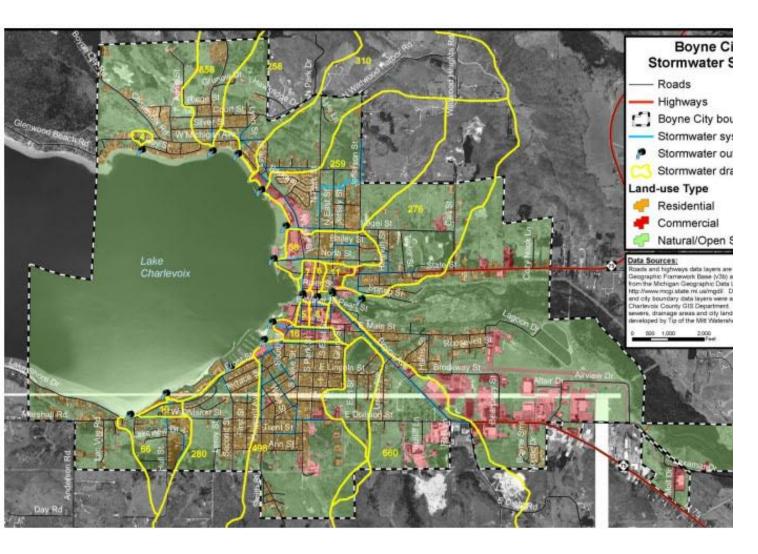


Table 21: Storm Sewer Survey Summary

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Lake Charlevoix Watershed Storm Sewer Survey	Boyne City	Charlevoix	East Jordan
Total land area (acres) of city	2,377	1,280	1,714
Total area (acres) draining into	4,833	1,666	3,425
Percent of Watershed	2.25	0.78	1.6
Land use in cities (% of acreage)			
Undeveloped	49.6	29.8	55.5
Commercial/Industrial	12.5	16.4	11.8
Residential	36.2	48.4	29.8
Water	1.7	5.4	2.9
Overall Impervious Cover	24.0	31.0	22.0
Number of storm sewer outfalls	15	13	5
Area (acres) of city draining to lake or river via storm sewers	936	490	360
Percent of city draining to lake or river via storm sewers	39	39	21
Estimated pollution contributions from storm sewers annually (lbs)			
Phosphorus	714	435	253
Sediment	201,685	122,976	71,591
Comparative Pollutant Export annually			
Aquatic Plant Growth (lbs)	356,850	217,620	126,630
Soil (Dump truck loads)	8.5	5	3



Alternative Inland Lake Protection Planning In Progress

Goal: provide a simplified process and template for inland lake associations to use to guide where critical best management practices are needed.

Draft Criteria

- Natural Lakes larger than 20 acres
- No impairments
- No dams
- No direct connection to a Great Lake
- Watershed and Shoreland
 Disturbance levels low (using Midwest
 Glacial Lakes Conservation Planner)



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